



EMERGENCY TRANSFER PLAN FOR VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR STALKING

Effective 10/01/2026

Housing Choice Voucher Program

Emergency Transfers

Homes for Good is concerned about the safety of its tenants, and such concern extends to tenants who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. In accordance with the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), Homes for Good allows tenants who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to request an emergency transfer from the tenant's current unit to another unit. VAWA protections are not limited to women and are available regardless of age or actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity, sex, or marital status. Victims cannot be discriminated against on the basis of any protected characteristic, including race, color, national origin, religion, sex (including perceived or actual sexual orientation or gender identity), familial status, disability, or age. HUD-assisted and HUD-insured housing must also be made available to all otherwise eligible individuals and families regardless of age, or actual or perceived gender identity, sexual orientation, or marital status.

This plan identifies tenants who are eligible for an emergency transfer, the documentation needed to request an emergency transfer, confidentiality protections, how an emergency transfer may occur, and guidance to tenants on safety and security. This plan is based on a model emergency transfer plan published by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), the federal agency that oversees that the **public housing and housing choice voucher (HCV) programs** are in compliance with VAWA.

Definitions

- **External emergency transfer** refers to an emergency relocation of a tenant to another unit where the tenant would be categorized as a new applicant; that is, the tenant must undergo an application process in order to reside in the new unit. Examples of External transfers can be found on page 3 of this plan.
- **Internal emergency transfer** refers to an emergency relocation of a tenant to another unit where the tenant would not be categorized as a new applicant; that is, the tenant may reside in the new unit without having to undergo an application process. Examples of Internal transfers can be found on page 2 of this plan.
- **Safe unit** refers to a unit that the victim of VAWA violence/abuse believes is safe.
- **VAWA violence/abuse** means an incident or incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, as those terms are defined in 24 CFR 5.2003 and "Certification of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking" (Form HUD-5382).

Eligibility for Emergency Transfers

A tenant may seek an emergency transfer to another unit if they or their household member is a victim of VAWA violence/abuse, as outlined in the “Notice of Occupancy Rights Under the Violence Against Women Act,” Form HUD-5380. This emergency transfer plan provides further information on emergency transfers, and Homes for Good must provide a copy if requested. Homes for Good may ask for submission of a written request for an emergency transfer, such as form HUD-5383, to certify eligibility for the emergency transfer.

A Tenant is eligible for an emergency transfer if:

1. The tenant (or their household member) is a victim of VAWA violence/abuse;
2. The tenant expressly requests the emergency transfer; **AND**
3. **EITHER**
 - a. The tenant reasonably believes that there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence, including trauma, if they or (their household member) stays in the same dwelling unit; **OR**
 - b. If the tenant (or their household member) is a victim of sexual assault, either the tenant reasonably believes that there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence, including trauma, if the tenant (or their household member) were to stay in the unit, or the sexual assault occurred on the premises and the tenant requested an emergency transfer within 90 days (including holidays and weekend days) of when that assault occurred.

Homes for Good, in response to an emergency transfer request, should not evaluate whether the tenant is in good standing as part of the assessment or provision of an emergency transfer.

Whether or not a tenant is in good standing does not impact their ability to request an emergency transfer under VAWA.

A tenant requesting an emergency transfer must expressly request the transfer in accordance with the procedures described in this plan.

Emergency Transfers: Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Program

Internal transfers:

Tenant-based assistance: If you are a participant in the tenant-based HCV program and request an emergency transfer as described in this plan, the PHA will assist you to move to a safe unit quickly using your existing voucher assistance. The PHA will make exceptions to program regulations restricting moves as required.

At your request, the PHA will refer you to organizations that may be able to further assist you.

Project-based assistance: If you are assisted under the project-based voucher (PBV) program, you may request an emergency transfer under the following programs for which you are not required to apply:

- Tenant-based voucher, if available
- Project-based assistance in the same project (if a vacant unit is available and you determine that the vacant unit is safe)
- Project-based assistance in another development owned by the PHA

Emergency transfers under VAWA will take priority over waiting list admissions for these types of assistance.

External transfers:

You may also request an emergency transfer to the following programs for which you are required to apply for assistance:

- Public housing program
- PBV assistance in another development not owned by the PHA
- Any other PHA owned property such as LIHTC

Emergency transfers will not take priority over waiting list admissions for these programs.

While you must be placed on the waiting list for these programs, a VAWA admissions preference may be applied depending on whether the external program allows this. At your request, the PHA will refer you to organizations that may be able to further assist you. VAWA provisions do not supersede eligibility or other occupancy requirements that may apply under a covered housing program. The PHA may be unable to transfer a tenant to a particular unit if the tenant cannot establish eligibility for that unit.

Emergency Transfer Request Documentation

To request an emergency transfer, the tenant shall notify Homes for Good's management office and submit a written request for a transfer to **any Homes for Good office**. If Homes for Good does not already have documentation of the occurrence of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, Homes for Good may ask for this documentation in accordance with 24 CFR 5.2007. Unless Homes for Good receives documentation that contains conflicting information, as described in 24 CFR 5.2007(b)(2), Homes for Good cannot require third-party documentation to determine status as a VAWA victim for emergency transfer eligibility. Homes for Good will provide reasonable accommodations to this policy for individuals with disabilities. The tenant's written request for an emergency transfer should include either:

1. A statement expressing that the tenant reasonably believes that there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence, including trauma, if the tenant (or household member) were to remain in the same dwelling unit; OR
2. In the case of a tenant (or household member) who is a victim of sexual assault, **either** a statement that the tenant reasonably believes there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence or trauma if the tenant (or household member stays in the same dwelling unit), **or** a statement that the sexual assault occurred on the premises and the tenant requested an emergency transfer within 90 days (including holidays and weekend days) of when the assault occurred.

Form HUD-5383 may be used for making a written request for an emergency transfer.

Any request for documentation of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or human trafficking will be based on the preferred communication method indicated. If no documentation is received to be able to process the request, Homes for Good will specify a deadline of 14 business days following receipt of the request, will describe the three forms of acceptable documentation, will provide explicit instructions on where and to whom the documentation must be submitted, and will state the consequences for failure to submit the documentation or request an extension in writing by the deadline.

Homes for Good may, in its discretion, extend the deadline for 10 business days. In determining whether to extend the deadline, Homes for Good will consider factors that may contribute to the victim's inability to provide documentation in a timely manner, including cognitive limitations, disabilities, limited English proficiency, absence from the unit, administrative delays, the danger of further violence, and the victim's need to address health or safety issues. Any extension granted by Homes for Good will be in writing.

Once the victim provides documentation, Homes for Good will acknowledge receipt of the documentation within 10 business days.

Homes for Good has the discretion to provide benefits to an individual based solely on the individual's statement or other corroborating evidence—i.e., without requiring formal documentation of abuse in accordance with 24 CFR 5.2007(b). HUD recommends documentation in a confidential manner when a verbal statement or other evidence is accepted.

If Homes for Good accepts an individual's statement or other corroborating evidence (as determined by the victim) of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or human trafficking, Homes for Good will document acceptance of the statement or evidence in the individual's file.

Priority for Transfers

Tenants who qualify for an emergency transfer under VAWA will be given priority over other categories of tenants seeking transfers and individuals seeking placement on waiting lists.

Homes for Good will maintain a centralized transfer list to ensure that transfers are processed in the correct order and that procedures are uniform across all properties.

Emergency transfers will not automatically go on the transfer list. Instead emergency transfers will be handled immediately, on a case-by-case basis. If the emergency cannot be resolved by a temporary accommodation, and the resident requires a permanent transfer, the family will be placed at the top of the transfer list.

Transfers will be processed in the following order:

1. Emergency transfers (VAWA, hazardous maintenance conditions)
2. High-priority transfers (verified medical condition, threat of harm or criminal activity, and reasonable accommodation)
3. Transfers to make accessible units available
4. Demolition, renovation, etc.
5. Occupancy standards
6. Other PHA-required transfers
7. Other resident-requested transfers

Confidentiality

If a tenant inquires about or requests any VAWA protections or represents that they or a household member are a victim of VAWA violence/abuse entitled to VAWA protections, Homes for Good must keep any information they provide concerning the VAWA violence/abuse, their request for an emergency transfer, and their or a household member's status as a victim strictly confidential. This information should be securely and separately kept from tenant files. All the information provided by or on behalf of the tenant to support an emergency transfer request, including information on the Certification Form (HUD-5382) and the Emergency Transfer Request Form

(HUD-5383) (collectively referred to as “Confidential Information”) may only be accessed by PHA employees or contractors if explicitly authorized by Homes for Good for reasons that specifically call for those individuals to have access to that information under applicable federal, State, or local law.

Confidential information must not be entered into any shared database or disclosed to any other entity or individual, except if:

- Written permission by the victim in a time-limited release;
- Required for use in an eviction proceeding or hearing regarding termination of assistance; or
- Otherwise required by applicable law.

In addition, HUD’s VAWA regulations require emergency transfer plans to provide strict confidentiality measures to ensure that the location of the victim’s dwelling unit is never disclosed to a person who committed or threatened to commit the VAWA violence/abuse. Accordingly, Homes for Good has dedicated a confidential section in their digital filing system that is only accessible by authorized PHA employees.

Emergency Transfer Procedure

Homes for Good cannot specify how long it will take from the time a transfer request is approved until the tenant can be placed in a new, safe unit. Homes for Good will, however, act as quickly as possible to assist a tenant who qualifies for an emergency transfer. If Homes for Good identifies an available unit and the tenant believes that unit would not be safe, the tenant may request a transfer to a different unit. Homes for Good may be unable to transfer a tenant and their household to a particular unit if the tenant and their household has not established or cannot establish eligibility for that unit.

If Homes for Good does not have any safe and available units for which the tenant is eligible, Homes for Good will assist the tenant in identifying other covered housing providers who may have safe and available units to which the tenant could move. At the tenant’s request, Homes for Good will also assist the tenant in contacting the local organizations offering assistance to victims of VAWA violence/abuse.

Making the Emergency Transfer Plan Available

Homes for Good will post a copy of the Emergency Transfer Plan in its main office and on its website. It will also make the information readily available to anyone who requests it. All materials will ensure effective communication with individuals with disabilities, including making materials available in alternative accessible formats, as well as providing reasonable accommodations.

Safety and Security of Tenants

When Homes for Good receives any inquiry or request regarding an emergency transfer, Homes for Good will encourage the person making the inquiry or request to take all reasonable precautions to be safe, including seeking guidance and assistance from a victim service provider. However, tenants are not required to receive guidance or assistance from a victim service provider. For additional information on VAWA and to find help in your area, visit <https://www.hud.gov/vawa>.

Local organizations offering assistance to victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking include:

- Lane County District Attorney's Office, Victim Services Division (www.lanecounty.org)
- Sexual Assault Task Force (SATF) – Referral services for victims of violence (www.oregonsatf.org)
- Sexual Assault Support Services (SASS) – Support survivors of sexual assault (www.sass-lane.org)
- Hope & Safety Alliance – Housing for victims of domestic violence (<https://www.hopesafetyalliance.org/>)
- Kids 'FIRST – Advocates for abused children (www.kidsfirstcenter.net)
- Court Appointed Special Advocates (CASA) – Help for abused children (www.casa-lane.org)
- Relief Nursery – Child abuse and neglect prevention agency (www.reliefnursery.org)